

Be just and fear not:
Let all the ends thou aim'st at be
Thy Country's, thy God's, and Truth's.

FRIDAY, : : : JUNE 1, 1888.

The reports of the Chief Justice, Auditor-General and the Attorney-General, as well as those of the Ministers of Finance and Foreign Affairs, have already been submitted to the Legislature. They all contain matter of interest, which we reserve for comment later.

In connection with the suppositions inexperience of the present Legislature, it has occurred to us that the following facts might be of interest: Judge Widemann is the oldest member of the Legislature, having served first in 1855 and seven times since. Mr. Hitchcock served first in '58, and has been elected six or seven times since. Mr. Wilder has served every session except one since 1866. Mr. Nakaleka has been a member five times. Messrs. Cecil Brown, Rice and Castle four times, W. O. Smith and F. Brown three times. Messrs. Dowsett, Sr., Wight, Richardson, Wilcox, Waterhouse, Kalakaua, Kaubi, Helekunihi and Paehole twice. All the rest, except Kaubane, who is an old member, have been members during one session only.

Notice of bills enough has already been given to occupy the Legislature for a long session, and no doubt there will be many more to follow. The danger is not so much, we think, in over-legislation, or even in hasty legislation, but in postponing the more important to the less important bills. It almost always happens in legislative bodies, through deficient sense of perspective, or we know not what other reason, that time is dribbled away on trifling measures, while the important ones have to wait until hope deferred maketh the heart sick. This is particularly true in America, truer there than in any other country in the world. We look with suspicion on party organization, with so much indeed that we are almost ready to rejoice in the absence of it here, and yet it seems almost a pity that the Reform party cannot settle in caucus the question of precedence between all bills introduced by their members, so that no measure which really stands in vital relation to the pressing needs of the country, may fail to pass for the lack of time.

There is a prodigious difference between the various proposed bills as a matter of course, in their importance. This applies both to the Ministerial measures and those introduced by private members. Some of them concern mere routine alterations, valuable enough no doubt, but of little or no consequence to the country at large. Some of them, no doubt (unless this Legislature differs from every other that ever was assembled in the world) will prove merely frivolous, others, on the contrary, deal with vital questions and contemplate the most thoroughgoing reforms. The country relies entirely on the good sense and discrimination of the leaders of the party of reform to see to it that each measure receives only an amount of time for its consideration, proportionate to its importance.

Robert Louis Stevenson.

From a private letter received by the Australia we learn that the celebrated author, Robert Louis Stevenson, is about to visit us. Mr. Stevenson is in poor health and has chartered the San Francisco yacht "Gasco" for a cruise among these Islands and in the South Seas in search of health, of new scenes, and of whatever romance there may be in our history to weave into new tales from his fascinating pen. He will be accompanied by his wife, who is the mother-in-law of the artist J. D. Strong of this city, also by Mrs. J. D. Strong and a small antiseptic party. The yacht is expected to leave San Francisco on June 15th, and will probably remain in our waters for an extended time.

So far as we know, these Islands have never been honored by the visit of any literary man of such genius as Robert Louis Stevenson. If he really comes the day should be marked with a white stone, or rather in the modern fashion with a red letter.

Apropos of the expected arrival of Mr. Stevenson it will not be inappropriate to mention the fact that Hawaii may also be honored by a flying visit from Prof. Royce, one of the philosophical faculty at Cambridge, Mass. Prof. Royce, although a young, and to the general public a comparatively unknown man, already ranks among the most eminent philosophical thinkers of the day, not merely in America but abroad as well. Prof. Royce has been suffering from ill health induced by overwork, and left Boston last March by a sailing vessel bound for Australia, in the hope of experiencing some benefit from the sea voyage. He has been cordially invited to stop over in Honolulu on his return trip and has expressed a desire to do so if possible.

Frank Ludwisko, keeper of a "soda water stand" on Queen street, was arrested yesterday for selling liquor without a license. His indignant denial of having furnished liquor to the Russian sailors, in the GAZETTE recently, seems to have gained for him the solicited regard of the authorities.

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Third Day,
THURSDAY, May 31.
PETITIONS.

The house met at 10 o'clock, the President, Hon. S. G. Wilder, in the chair. Minutes of previous day's session were read and confirmed.

Rep. Kamaoaha presented a petition from Molokai, praying (1) that the government secure the services of Dr. Unna or Dr. Goto to treat leprosy, (2) that reasonable compensation be paid those who cure leprosy, (3) that any person who thinks he can cure leprosy be given an opportunity to try, (4) that persons afflicted with the disease be allowed to go to Molokai with one assistant (kokua), (5) that any one able to cure the disease be allowed free access to Kakaako or Kalawao, (6) that a person who has received medical treatment, one year, without a change for the better, be considered incurable, (7) that it is useless to have a resident physician at Kalawao and that no doctor be appointed there unless the Board can secure the services of Dr. Unna or Dr. Goto. Referred to the sanitary committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

Rep. Kinney moved the following: Be it resolved that the clerk of the Legislature do forward to the public reading rooms of the city from time to time the same shall be ready, two copies each in Hawaiian and English of all printed laws and reports under consideration by the Assembly. Passed.

Noble Smith moved: that the sergeant-at-arms cause each member of the Legislature to be supplied daily with one copy each of the following daily newspapers, published in Honolulu: P. C. Advertiser, Daily Bulletin, Ko Hawaii Pae Aina, Ke-Alakai o Hawaii.

Noble Waterhouse moved to amend by adding the Ka Makainana.

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Rep. Kinney moved the following amendment: Resolved that each member of the house furnish the clerk with the list of city papers that he may desire, and that the clerk secure the same at terms to be fixed by him. Carried.

Rep. Nakaleka moved: that whereas it is reported that the contract for supplying firewood to the leper settlement on Molokai had been awarded to the Hon. J. L. Dowsett and that wood was sold to lepers for \$6 a cord; that instructions be given to supply lepers with firewood free and that those who have paid for their wood be refunded. Referred to the sanitary committee.

Noble Baldwin moved: that the committee of Finance be authorized to employ an expert to examine into the department accounts. Adopted.

Noble Smith moved: that a committee be appointed to draft a reply to His Majesty's speech. Carried. The President appointed a committee consisting of Noble Baldwin and Reps. Kinney and Paehole.

QUESTIONS TO MINISTER OF INTERIOR.

Rep. Paehole asked the President of the Board, through the Minister of Interior, (1) what measures have been taken by the Board of Health regarding the cure of leprosy and what efforts had been made to save the native race from the disease, (2) does the Board of Health intend to secure the services of Dr. Unna or Dr. Goto, (3) in regard to Keauu, the prisoner who was inoculated with leprosy, is it true that he has taken the disease?

ANSWERS BY MINISTER OF INTERIOR.

Minister Thurston, in answer to Rep. Paehole's enquiries, said the government was in correspondence with Dr. Unna and expect further advice from him by next mail. As to Keauu, he has the leprosy. Answers to the remaining interrogatories of the hon. member will be set forth in full in the report of the President of the Board of Health.

In answer to the questions of the hon. Mr. Helekunihi propounded on Wednesday, the Minister read the following:

The number of lepers collected, from Jan. 1, to May 30, is 239.

The number of lepers sent from Kakaako to Kalawao during the same period was 220.

The number now at Kakaako is 55.

The number of lepers at Kalawao, on May 22, was 863.

The mild cases room and eat separately from bad cases at Kakaako.

All at Kakaako are under treatment. None have been cured. The number discharged will be stated as soon as ascertained.

NOTICES OF NEW BILLS.

Rep. Kamaoaha gave notice that, at a future day, he would introduce an Act to make the Kohiki fisheries free to the people, and to repeal sections 357, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 394, 395 and 396 of the Civil Code.

An Act to provide for the erection of leper hospitals in all the election districts of the Kingdom, and to amend Section 4, Chapter 21, session laws of 1884.

Noble Hitchcock gave notice of the following:

An Act to amend an Act entitled "an Act to regulate the sale of spirituous liquors," and amendments thereto.

An Act to repeal Chapter 10 of the Penal Code, "to prevent married persons from deserting each other."

Rep. Deacon gave notice of a bill entitled:

An Act to amend Section 52, Chapter LV., of the compiled laws, relating to stamp duties.

Rep. F. Brown gave notice of:

An Act to amend Section 12, Chapter XLIV., of the session laws of 1882.

Rep. Kalakaua read a first time:

An Act to appropriate money for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Legislative session of the year 1888 from the public Treasury.

On suspension of the rules, the bill was read a second time by title, and referred to the Finance Committee.

Rep. Kamaoaha read a first time a bill to amend Article 31 of the Constitution, so that it will read:

Article 31. The person of the King is inviolable and sacred. His Ministers are responsible. To the King belongs the executive power. All laws that have passed the Legislature shall require His Majesty's signature, in order to their validity, except as provided in Article 48.

Referred to the Printing Committee.

Minister Austin read a first time by title, on suspension of the rules:

An Act relating to the military forces of the Kingdom.

An Act to authorize the establishment of a Parcels Post, domestic and foreign.

An Act to provide for the registration of prints and labels.

An Act to amend an Act to regulate the issuing of patents, approved August 29, 1884.

An Act to provide for regulating copyrights.

An Act to limit the time within which Chinese return permits may be used.

Referred to the Printing Committee.

Noble Castle read a first time, by title:

An Act to regulate the practice of dentistry in the Hawaiian Kingdom.

Rep. Helekunihi read, in Hawaiian, a first time, the bill giving notice of on Wednesday.

The bill, not being accompanied by an English translation, was returned to the member.

Rep. Kamaoaha read a first time:

An Act to repeal Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7, Chapter XLIII., session laws of 1882, relating to the dog tax. Referred to the Printing Committee.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

The President read a communication from the Auditor-General, accompanying his report. The report was referred to the Printing Committee.

Minister Thurston laid before the House a claim by Mr. E. B. Thomas, building contractor for a balance of \$753.96 on the Police building. Referred to the Finance Committee.

The following committees, appointed at the special session, were notified by their respective Chairmen to meet after adjournment: Leprosy, Prisons, Crown Lands.

The House adjourned at 11:25 a. m. to 10 o'clock Friday morning.

An Echo from Kauai.

MR. EDITOR: The accounts of the visit of the editors of the Gazette and Bulletin to Kauai, as they have appeared in these enlightened journals, are perfectly saturated with modesty. Yet they are calculated to mislead the reading public as to the real sensation which the editorial advent created.

As soon as it was noted about that two rival editors were turned loose on our shores, our hospitable citizens made elaborate preparation for their reception.

All along the triumphal route clothes were carefully removed from lines, stray articles adjusted to safer localities, and dogs hitherto chained given a holiday. Having fortified themselves by a few more extra precautions, the Kauaians calmly awaited the onslaught.

With the eccentricity of genius the editors mounted the Koloa stage to reach Kapaa. When the driver had contemplated their gripsacks with a proper degree of reverential awe, he told them (the editors, not the gripsacks) that he wouldn't charge them anything if they would take the other stage. Logan replied that all the world is a stage, but passengers could reach Kapaa as well by the Kapaa stage as any other. Concealing their valises beneath their ulsters they hailed the other Jehu, who being privily warned that they were the champion light-weight sloggers of the Supreme Court and Veto Prerogative, gave them seats with an alacrity bordering on electricity. In due time they were delivered at the Kealia boarding house, where they gorged four years' subscription. Soon after many persons eager for news and hungry for information thronged around.

One man wanted to know whether a war between Russia and Patagonia is imminent. "My friend," said Logan, confidentially, "some people say such a war is on the tapis, and some say it isn't. As an impartial journalist, I am bound to publish both sides. The Gazette will keep you posted on the issues of the day at \$5 per annum in advance." Whereupon the interlocutor advanced the per annum, but deferred the \$5 till the end of the year.

A solemn individual approached Hill, saying: "Now, suppose I conspire to defraud the Government out of \$4,200, and my fine of \$200 reduces me to net profit to \$4,000—" "Sir," interrupted Hill, "the Weekly Summary of the Bulletin deals with that question; subscription payable in advance." The man cheerfully subscribed a year in advance of payable.

A mathematician said to Logan, "I give up the Hen and Egg Problem and pass out on the Apple Boom, but I am dying by inches to know the solution of this: If a mule and a half kick a boy and a half in a second and a half up a flight and a half of the golden stairs—" Here Logan intimated that the Weekly Gazette, etc., etc., and the man dug down into his pocket, etc., etc.

To a man desirous of knowing how to graft eucalyptus on sunflower, Hill replied scion-tifically, "The Weekly Summary will graft hair on a bald head." And then and there the man did tumble and did at once produce the wherewith.

A gaunt female wanted to know Logan's sentiments on prohibition. That eminent sage replied, "Far be it from me to prohibit any one from subscribing for the Weekly Gazette, for of such is the kingdom of heaven—in advance." "Sir," observed a venerable gent to Hill, "I have been a careful and attentive reader of your valuable journal for,"—"And, sir," interrupted Hill, referring to his pass book, "you are in arrears six months." And it immediately came to pass that the man was not in arrears three seconds.

And thus the two continued to advance information—in advance. And when they returned to Honolulu, to slash each other on the issues of the day, their valises were full of silver. And everybody remarked what fine fellows they were and how willing they were to impart information—invariably in advance.

REEF ORME.

Kapaa, May 25.

Criminal Statistics from the Report of the Chief Justice.

Convictions for crime in this Kingdom, during the years 1886 and 1887, numbered 6,622—a decrease of 832 from the period 1884-5. There were 1,583 Chinese, 160 Japanese, 723 Portuguese, 2,822 Hawaiians, and 1,344 other nationalities, including Americans, English, Germans, etc. The proportion of convicted criminals to population, during the last period, approximately, was: Chinese, 9.28 per cent.; Hawaiian, 11.95 per cent.; foreign, 24.21 per cent. Japanese and Portuguese, owing to the material changes in their numbers since the census of 1884, are not included in the Chief Justice's estimate of percentages. Arrests for affrays and offenses against the person generally were 1,836, against 1,835 for the previous period;

for drunkenness, 2,085, against 2,542 for the previous period. Of 1,971 convictions for drunkenness in 1886-7, 23 were Chinese, 26 Japanese, 130 Portuguese, 1,162 Hawaiians, and 630 of other nationalities. In the Police Court of Honolulu the arrests for drunkenness have decreased from 1,519 to 1,406 for the past period.

J. F. Smith in the "Bulletin."

MR. EDITOR:—In glancing over the Bulletin, this evening, my eye happened to impinge upon the following paragraph in Mr. John F. Smith's essay:

"Friends, I think, we have waited too long. If we consider the enormous proportions this liquor traffic has assumed, the vast capital invested in it, millions upon millions of people depending upon its sale, and both church and state largely supported by it, we must not be surprised to find that all peremptory laws, all summary legislations are complete failures. They are mainly so, because, attacking personal liberty."

Permit me to re-write the paragraph, in an amended form, from the standpoint of facts, figures, history and common sense, so that it may read:

"Friends, I think we have trifled with this matter too long. If we consider the enormous proportions this liquor traffic has assumed, the vast capital invested in it, the millions and millions of people whose abject wretchedness and utter ruin depends upon its sale, and Church and State largely cursed by it, we must not be surprised to find that peremptory laws and summary legislation are agitated and demanded by every man who respects himself, cares for his family, loves his country and seeks the well-being of his race."

Such legislation is demanded, and it will come about, in spite of all the would-be erudite bunkum hurled against it by philanthropists whose labors consist in kicking against philanthropy, wise men whose counsels are with the destroyers of their race, writers who measure their arguments by their own littleness of mind so that the more contemptible are their reasons the better they appreciate them themselves—in short, men of the ilk of Mr. J. F. Smith.

The prohibition movement will "get there" in due time. It is bound to win. It is backed by decency, common sense, science, patriotism, virtue, honor, independence, liberty and truth. It is marching on quietly, steadily, persistently, irresistibly. And if Mr. J. F. Smith "essays" to stand in the way, then it will be very bad for Mr. John F. Smith.

SOLIDFORREFORM.

Honolulu, May 31st.

Advertisements.

NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND OF ONE DOLLAR A SHARE IS due and payable this day upon the Hawaiian Agricultural Company's Stock, at the office of C. BREWER & CO.

Honolulu, June 1, 1888. 6-31

NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE DOLLARS A SHARE is due and payable this day upon the Waialeale Sugar Company's Stock, at the office of C. BREWER & CO.

Honolulu, June 1, 1888. 6-31

NOTICE.

MR. WRAY TAYLOR IS AUTHORIZED TO collect all bills outstanding and due the PACIFIC COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER to May 26, 1888; and all claims against said paper to that date can be sent to the office of J. S. WALKER, Spreckels' Block.

Honolulu, March 30, 1888. 4-31

Ten Dollars Reward.

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID ON conviction of any person found stealing the DAILY ADVERTISER or "Weekly Gazette" from the store or residence of subscribers.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.

Honolulu, March 30, 1888.

Executors' Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING BEEN DULY appointed Executors under the will of GEORGE ENGELHARDT, late of Honolulu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased to present their claims, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, duly authenticated and with the proper vouchers, if any exist, to C. Bolte, within six months from this date, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make immediate payment to C. Bolte.

C. BOLTE, L. A. THURSTON, Executors under the will of George Engelhardt. Honolulu, May 2, 1888. 240-2w 1218-5t

Valuable City Property!

At Auction.

By order of A. J. Cartwright and W. F. Allen, Assignees of the Estate of Frank Brown, I will sell at Public Auction,

On Monday, June 4, 1888

At 12 o'clock noon, that certain Valuable

PARCEL OF LAND

Situated on Merchant street, Between the Schaefer Building and Kalakaua Hale, containing an area of 3,805 square feet, and bounded as follows:

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For quick raising, the Royal Baking Powder is superior to all other leavening agents. It is absolutely pure and wholesome and of the highest leavening power. It is always uniform in strength and quality and never fails to make light, sweet, most palatable and nutritive food. Bread, biscuits, muffins, cake, etc., raised with Royal Baking Powder may be eaten hot without distressing results to the most delicate digestive organs. It will keep in any climate without deterioration.

Prof. H. A. Mott, U. S. Government Chemist, after examining officially the principal baking powders of the country, reported: "The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the United States Government."

"Because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public."

"Dr. HENRY A. MOTT, Ph. D., U. S. Government Chemist."

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